Skill Enhancement Course

Virtual Certificate Course on

Course title: Molecular Phylogenetics

Course Credit: 30

Course Description:

Molecular Phylogenetics is an advanced course that explores the methods and principles used to infer evolutionary relationships among organisms using molecular data. This course provides a comprehensive understanding of the theory and practice of reconstructing phylogenies, analyzing genetic sequences, and interpreting evolutionary histories.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the fundamental concepts of molecular evolution and phylogenetics.
- To learn the various methods for sequence alignment and phylogenetic tree construction.
- To analyze and interpret phylogenetic trees and evolutionary relationships.
- To gain practical experience with software tools and databases used in molecular phylogenetics.
- To apply molecular phylogenetic methods to real-world biological problems.

Minimum Qualification: B.Sc Biological Sciences and having basic knowledge of computation.

Duration: One Month

Mode of Teaching: Online

Mode of Examination: Online (Departmental)

Course fee: Rs 8000.00

Hinder 24

STEP24

12/2/21

Brand of a discourage of movements of the movements of th

Course title: Molecular Phylogenetics

Course Code: ZOO- SKC-301 (Theory)

Course Credit: 10

1. Introduction to Molecular Phylogenetics

- o Overview of phylogenetics and its significance
- Historical development of molecular phylogenetics

2. Molecular Evolution

- o DNA, RNA, and protein evolution
- Mutation rates and molecular clocks
- o Concept of the molecular clock and methods for estimating divergence times

3. Molecular Data and Databases

- GenBank and other sequence databases
- Methods for retrieving molecular sequences from online databases (NCBI, EMBL).

4. Sequence Alignment

- o Pairwise and multiple sequence alignment
- o Algorithms and software tools for sequence alignment

5. Phylogenetic Tree Construction Methods

- o Introduction to distance-based methods (UPGMA, Neighbor-Joining)
- Introduction to character-based methods (Maximum Parsimony, Maximum Likelihood)
- Principles of maximum parsimony and its application in phylogenetics
- Maximum likelihood methods and their advantages
- Introduction to Bayesian methods and Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) techniques

6. Evaluating Phylogenetic Trees

- Bootstrapping and statistical support
- Model selection and model testing
- o Tree reliability and robustness
- Tools and techniques for visualizing and annotating phylogenetic trees

7. Advanced Topics

- o Phylogenomics and whole-genome phylogenetics
- Molecular dating and biogeography
- Recent advances and applications of molecular phylogenetics in various fields.

Andar. 12.7.24.

06/2/3/50

12/9/24

Suggested Reading:

- 1. Felsenstein, J. 2003. Inferring Phylogenies. Sinauer Associates.
- Kitching, I., Forey, P. L., Humphries, C. J. & Williams, D. M. 1998. Cladistics: The Theory and Practice of Parsimony Analysis, 2nd ed. The Systematics Association Publication No. 11. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Nei, M. & Kumar, S. 2000. Molecular Evolution and Phylogenetics. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Page, R.D.M. & Holmes, E.C. 1998. Molecular Evolution: A Phylogenetic Approach. Blackwell Science.
- Swofford, D. L., Olsen, G.J., Waddell, P. J. & Hillis, D.M. 1996. Phylogenetic inference. Pages 407-514 in Molecular Systematics, 2nd Ed. (D. M. Hillis, C. Moritz, & B. K. Mable, Eds.). Sinauer, Sunderland, Massachusetts.

12.7.24

Aindal 12/3/24

15/3/24

Course title: Molecular Phylogenetics

Course Code: ZOO-SKC-302 (Practical)

Course Credit: 20

1. Introduction to Molecular Phylogenetics Tools and Resources

- Introduction to bioinformatics databases: NCBI, GenBank
- Installation and setup of phylogenetic analysis tools MEGA, itaxotool, BEAST, RAXML

2. DNA Sequence Retrieval and Data Preparation

- Retrieving DNA sequences from GenBank
- · Cleaning and preparing sequence data for analysis

3. Sequence Alignment

- Hands-on practice with multiple sequence alignment
- Evaluating alignment quality
- Preparing aligned sequences for phylogenetic analysis

4. Models of Nucleotide Substitution

- Model selection using tools like jModelTest or MEGA
- Applying the chosen model to sequence data

5. Phylogenetic Tree Construction - Distance Methods

- Constructing trees using distance methods (Neighbor-Joining, UPGMA)
- Interpreting distance-based phylogenetic trees

6. Phylogenetic Tree Construction - Maximum Parsimony

- Constructing and evaluating parsimony trees using MEGA
- Comparing parsimony results with distance methods

7. Phylogenetic Tree Construction - Maximum Likelihood

- Using software like RAxML for maximum likelihood analysis
- · Interpreting maximum likelihood trees and assessing tree reliability

8. Phylogenetic Tree Construction - Bayesian Inference

- Running Bayesian analyses using BEAST or MrBayes
- Evaluating and interpreting Bayesian phylogenetic trees

9. Bootstrapping and Confidence Intervals

- Performing bootstrap analyses using MEGA or RAXML
- Interpreting bootstrap support values and confidence intervals

10. Molecular Clock Hypothesis and Dating Divergence Times

Diudaz 24

00/2 12/7/24